

Ditch the Diet Mentality

PEBTF

December 2016 Jim Meister, RD, LDN, CPT

To provide feedback or to receive a copy of today's slides, send an email to jmeister@activehealth.net.



Learning Objectives

Ditch the Diet Mentality

- "Lean in" or shift towards health
- Focus on health beyond the diet mentality
- Discover strategies for intuitive eating
- Overcome obstacles by using the mindful eating cycle
- Get motivated to apply the skills needed for long-term success



Media and External Pressure

- Different messages from various sources not always consistent
- Peer pressure
- External motivation instead of internal motivation





Fast Facts on Dieting

Industry statistics

- \$20 billion weight-loss industry (diet books, diet drugs and weight loss surgeries)
- 85% of people using weight-loss products and services are female

Dieting behaviors

- 108 million dieters in the U.S.
- Dieters make 4 to 5 attempts per year
- 95% of dieters gain weight back
- It takes about 1 hour of exercise per day to keep off at least 30 pounds of weight for 5 years





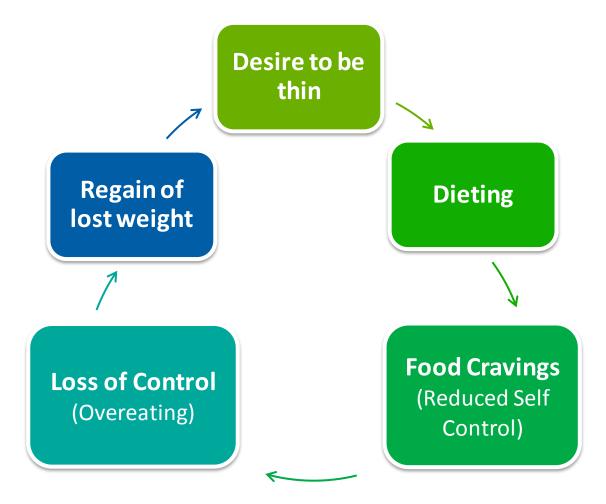
Why Diets Don't Work in the Long-Term

- Constant restrictive eating cycle
- Too many rules to follow
 - Can create a bad relationship with food
 - Could possibly lead to an eating disorder
- Can create "negative self-talk" habits
 - Examples: "I hate my body", "I'm a failure"
- Restricting calories too much may lower your metabolism and reduce lean muscle





The Dieter's Dilemma





Paradigm Shift

- Create options that are realistic/achievable
- Start defining health and find your true internal motivation
- Change your mindset—reject ideas of dieting and embrace mindful eating
- Approach with curiosity and non-judgment
- Eat for both enjoyment and nourishment
- Weight loss is more than just calories-in and calories-out
- No perfection—it does not exist
- Pay attention to natural hunger and fullness signals
- Sustainable lifestyle changes



Mindful Eating Cycle WHY Why do I eat? What is driving me to eat? WHERE **WHEN** Where do I invest my When do I want to energy? Where does eat? When do I think the fuel I've consumed about eating? go? **HOW MUCH WHAT** How much do I eat? What do I eat? What do I How much fuel am I choose to eat? consuming? HOW How do I eat? How do I get the food into my body?



Mindful vs. Mindless Eating

Mindful Eating

- Paying attention to what we are eating
- The mind-body connection helps to assess hunger and fullness
- Brain has time to register you are full takes about 20 minutes
- Eat less food if you eat slowly and mindfully
- Improves your eating experience
- Resists your urges to snack that are not associated with hunger
- Reduces overeating
- Mindful eating is powerful—it keeps you present and can help facilitate change

Mindless Eating

- Pairing eating with other activities, such as driving, working at a desks, watching TV
- Eating meal-after-meal and snack-aftersnack, unaware of what and how much we are consuming





Practice Mindful Eating Strategies

- Take small bites, chew slowly, and swallow before you put more food on your fork
- Take sips of water after every few bites
- Breathe between bites
- Use smaller plates and utensils
- Eat in designated eating spots
- Create a calm environment (e.g., listen to soft music)
- Pay attention your body's signals (e.g., don't wait until you are overly hungry to eat)
- Do not multitask while eating





Mindful Strategies

- Focus on your food—take time to explore taste, texture, smell
- Take 10 days of mindful eating and write down your experience
- Read Dr. May's book, Eat What you Love, Love What you Eat to learn more about mindful eating





Assess Your Hunger

Rating	Hunger/Fullness Scale Use the scale below to help determine your hunger/fullness rating:
10	Uncomfortably full or "sick" – "Thanksgiving full"
9	Stuffed and uncomfortable
8	Too full, somewhat uncomfortable
7	Full, but not yet uncomfortable – hunger is gone
6	Filling up, but still comfortable – could definitely eat more
5	Neutral – neither hungry nor full
4	Slightly hungry, mild signals that your body needs food – you can wait to eat
3	Hungry, not yet uncomfortable – clear signals that your body needs food
2	Very hungry, irritable, or anxious – you want to eat everything in sight
1	Starving, feeling weak, lightheaded, dizzy, or other extremely uncomfortable symptoms of hunger



The Non-Diet Approach: Think Positively

- Ask yourself...
 - How negative is your self-talk?
- Take control...
 - Be mindful and reframe your internal dialogue
 - Shift from negative thoughts to positive ones





"When you are eating instinctively you eat what you love, but you don't obsess about food because you don't need to. Instead you trust your body to let you know when and how much to eat."

- Michelle May M.D.





Start "Ditching the Diet Mentality" Today!

Small Changes

Think Health, not Diet

Mindful Eating

Hunger Cues

Support

- Take baby steps
- Stay away from "all or nothing"
- Think about eating well as a marathon instead of a sprint
- Allow foods in moderation
- Reject rigid rules base choices on nutritional information
- Take a nonrestrictive approach
- Make sustainable lifestyle changes
- Increase awareness
- Pay attention to your body
- Ask yourself, "Am I hungry"
- Visit MyActiveHealth for tools and resources



Setting a S.M.A.R.T. goal

Specific — Ask who, what, where, when, why

Measurable

Attainable/Achievable/Action-Based

Realistic

Timely

Set a timeframe to meet the goal

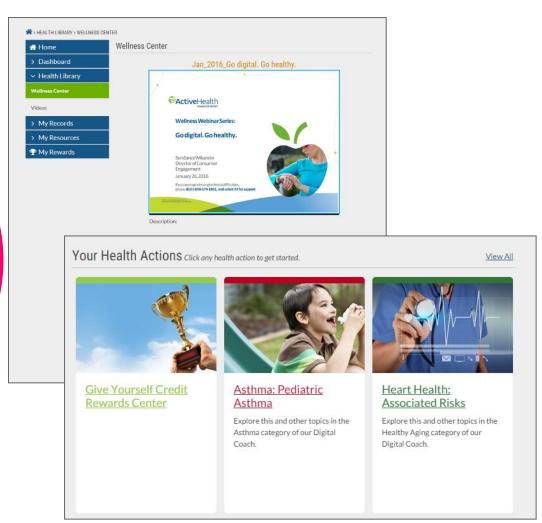
Ask who, what, where, when, why

How much, how many, how long, how often



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- Overcoming Emotional Eating
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